

# Package: tissot (via r-universe)

September 6, 2024

**Type** Package

**Title** The Tissot Indicatrix

**Version** 0.0.1.9006

**Description** Create and plot the Tissot Indicatrix.

**License** GPL-3

**Depends** R (>= 4.0.0)

**Imports** tibble, reproj (>= 0.6.0)

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.3

**LazyData** true

**LazyDataCompression** xz

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Additional\_repositories** <https://hypertidy.r-universe.dev>

**URL** <https://github.com/hypertidy/tissot>,  
<https://hypertidy.github.io/tissot/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/hypertidy/tissot/issues>

**Repository** <https://hypertidy.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/hypertidy/tissot>

**RemoteRef** HEAD

**RemoteSha** d7b2685782262e4fa8580d412b0dfdcf5ed5468f

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indicatrix                  *Indicatrix*

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## Description

Indicatrix  
plot indicatrix

## Usage

```
indicatrix(x, scale = 1, ...)

## S3 method for class 'indicatrixes'
plot(
  x,
  asp = 1,
  xlab = "x",
  ylab = "y",
  add = FALSE,
  ...,
  col.base = rgb(0, 0, 0, 0.1),
  col.lambda = grey(0.75),
  col.phi = "#1b9e77",
  col.major = "#7570b3",
  col.minor = "#d95f02",
  col.outline = "black"
)

indicatrix0(x, scale = 1, ...)

## S3 method for class 'indicatrix0'
plot(
  x,
  asp = 1,
  xlab = "Easting",
  ylab = "Northing",
  add = FALSE,
  ...,
  col.base = rgb(0, 0, 0, 0.1),
  col.lambda = grey(0.75),
  col.phi = "#45A271",
  col.major = "#A782C3",
  col.minor = "#C87A8A",
  col.outline = "black"
)
```

## Arguments

x	object from tissot
scale	scaling
...	arguments n, from and to passed to ti_ellipse function
asp	aspect ratio
xlab	x-axis labels
ylab	y-axis labels
add	add to existing plot
col.base	colour of base
col.lambda	colour of lambda
col.phi	colour of phi
col.major	major axis colour
col.minor	minor axis colour
col.outline	outline colour

## Details

Reprocesses the output of tissot into convenient geometrical data.

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tissot

*Tissot*

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## Description

Create the Tissot Indicatrix.

## Usage

```
tissot(  
  lambda,  
  phi = NULL,  
  degrees = TRUE,  
  A = 6378137,  
  f.inv = 298.257223563,  
  ...,  
  proj.in,  
  proj.out  
)
```

## Arguments

lambda	longitude
phi	latitude
degrees	logical, work in degrees or radians
A	ellipsoidal semi-major axis (meters)
f.inv	the inverse flattening
...	passed to internal function
proj.in	projection of input
proj.out	projection of context

## Details

Compute properties of scale distortion and Tissot's indicatrix at location  $x = c(\text{lambda}, \text{phi})$  using `prj` as the projection. `A` is the ellipsoidal semi-major axis (in meters) and `f.inv` is the inverse flattening. The projection must return a vector ( $x, y$ ) when given a vector ( $\text{lambda}, \text{phi}$ ). (Not vectorized.) Optional arguments ... are passed to `prj`. Source: Snyder pp 20-26 (WGS 84 defaults for the ellipsoidal parameters). All input and output angles are in degrees.

## Value

list with stuff as per below

## Examples

```

x <- seq(-175, 175, by = 15)
y <- seq(-82.5, 82.5, by = 15)
xy <- expand.grid(x, y)
r <- tissot(xy,
             proj.in= "OGC:CRS84",
             proj.out= "+proj=robin")

j <- which.min(abs(135 - r$lon) + abs(54 - r$lat))
idx0 <- indicatrix0(r[j, ], scale=10^4, n=71)
op <- par(mfrow = c(2, 1))
plot(idx0, add = FALSE)
idx <- indicatrix(r, scale=3e5, n=71)
plot(idx, add = FALSE)
tissot_abline(r$lon[j], r$lat[j])
par(op)

```

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tissot_map	<i>Get last plot projection</i>
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## Description

'tissot\_map()' will add the [world] coastline to any map.

## Usage

```
tissot_map(..., add = TRUE)  
tissot_abline(lambda, phi = NULL, ..., proj.in = NULL)  
tissot_get_proj()
```

## Arguments

...	graphical parameters for [lines()] if 'add = TRUE', or for [plot()] if 'add = FALSE'
add	logical, default 'TRUE' add to existing plot or create new
lambda	longitude at which to draw a vertical line
phi	latitude at which to draw a horizontal line
proj.in	projection for expert use

## Details

'tissot\_get\_proj()' When the indicatrix is plotted it registers its projection. This string can be obtained with this getter function.

'tissot\_abline()' will draw a vertical and horizontal line at a give longitude latitude (where they intersect is the actual lon,lat location)

## Value

'tissot\_map()' returns the internal world map data (projected if one is current) as a matrix

'tissot\_abline()' called for its side effect of drawing on the plot

'tissot\_get\_proj()' returns the value of the current projection, or NULL

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ti_ellipse	<i>Ellipse</i>
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**Description**

Ellipse

**Usage**

```
ti_ellipse(center, axes, scale = 1, n = 36, from = 0, to = 2 * pi)
```

**Arguments**

center	center
axes	axes
scale	scale
n	n
from	from
to	to

**Value**

matrix

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world	<i>world coastline</i>
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**Description**

A modified matrix version of data from the maps package.

**Usage**

world

**Format**

An object of class `matrix` (inherits from `array`) with 82403 rows and 2 columns.

**Details**

Basically longitudes have been smooshed to `'abs(lon) < 180'`

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